EVERYBODY 16 PAGES

LAST EDITION.

SATURDAY EVENING.

TOPEKA, KANSAS, AUGUST 20, 1904.

SATURDAY EVENING,

THREE CENTS.

## BLACK AND UGL

State School Fund Commissioners Force Questionable Deal.

State Lost \$32,000.

KEPT IN THE DARK.

Records Locked Up and Greatest Secrecy Observed.

Evidence of a Conspiracy by State Officers.

## VALUATION IS RAISED.

Comanche County Brought to

Auditor Wells Forced to Register Bonds at Dead of Night.

school fund has been looted, and the facts point towards certain state offi-

It is very apparent that the state school fund commission went into a deal to reduce the interest on these bends from 6 per cent to 4½ per cent to 62 per cent to 62 per cent to 62 per cent to 64 per ce

I. L. Dayhoff, superintendent of publie instruction. C. C. Coleman, attorney general.

refused Thursday.

By the manipulation of this deal the state school fund will be cheated out of teen years, so that the state school fund will be cheated out of teen years, and Mr. Godard will receive, or it will be issued to him at least, \$8,000 as a "commission," besides whatever profit there may have been on the bonds themselves. Besides this the state school fund is loaded with \$122,000 to have the new bonds were ignored.

The new bonds are issued for thirty years, so that the state's money will be tied up for four-teen years, at 4½ per cent. In sixteen years, at 4½ per cent and it may be worth only there is not likely to be worth less.

How the Deal Progressed.

the assessed valuation of Comanche county from \$632,552, the valuation as returned by the county clerk, to \$1.51,771. The law says that the total indebtedness of a county shall not exceed to per cent of assessed valuation of the county. Prior to the last legislature the limit was 10 per cent, but the last legislature the limit was 10 per cent, but the last legislature raised to 15 per cent. The bonded indebtedness of Comanche county is \$156,000, so that it was necessary that the records should show the assessed valuation to be at least \$1,040,000. The assessments made by the township assessors did not make this showing, so the state board of equalization arbitrarily raised the assessed valuation on the state auditor's books to make up the deficit. This was by far the greatest proportionate raise made in the state.

Considerable trouble because of information that had got out through the mation that had got out through the mation that had got out through the was only a clerk and not in authority he asked to be relieved of his agreement to give any information should any Comanche country bonds come into the auditor's office.

The State Journal representative

returns made by the county clerks as the basis of valuation on which bonds may be purchased, as the equalization made by the state board has reference only to state taxes, in order to equalize the state taxes among the countles. It was therefore necessary for Attorney opinion from A man that the General Coleman to make a new rule, that the basis of valuation on which bonds may be bought shall be the valuation fixed by the Board of Equalization. This he did and the combined influence of Coleman, Burrow, Kelly and Godard was brought to bear on State Auditor Wells to compel him to regis-ter the bonds under that ruling. All of this, in addition to the actual ourchase and registration of the bonds, was done with the utmost secrecy.

## The Conspiracy Begins.

The original bonds with which the conspiracy was begun were held in the conspiracy was begun were held in the east. A year or two ago the owners commissioned the firm of Kelly & Kelly, composed H. B. Kelly and his aon, well known Topeka bond brokers, to sell them. Mr. Kelly says they offered them all over the country, and the very best offer they could get on the bonds was 30 cents on the dollar. They were six per cent bonds, running until 1920. They were issued on a compromise to refund some old bonds, the legality of which was disputed by the country and

interest they bore, and all about them, and malled it to Mr. Godard to offer to the state school fund comfnission, composed of Secretary of State Burrow, Superintendent Dayhoff, and At-

torney General Coleman. Mr. Kelly says he heard nothing from Mr. God-ard about the matter for several days, and at length he called him up by telephone and asked him about it. Mr. Godard replied that he did not be-lieve he could sell the bonds, but to let the matter rest for a while in his

Bonds Purchased by Which Kelly says, State Treasurer T. T. Kelly telephoned for him to come to Kelly telephoned for him to come to the state house and asked him if he had some Comanche county bonds for sale. Mr. H. B. Kelly replied that he had. Treasurer Kelly said he thought if they were placed in the hands of Mr. Godard the latter could sell them to the school fund commission. Treasurer Kelly added that Mr. Godard was looking for the owner of the bonds and had been to the state treasury for help in locating them.

This made H. B. Kelly suspicious that there was a scheme on to freeze

This made H. B. Kelly suspicious that there was a scheme on to freeze him out of the sale of the bonds, and he concluded to try to sell the bonds himself. He asserts that he sent written offers to each of the three members of the school fund commission, offering the bonds to the state so as to net the state 6 per cent. Interest until they fail due in 1920. He says the same offer was also made to Attorney General Coleman in person.

There is therefore no doubt that each member of the commission

Standard by State Assessors.

Coleman Then Rules That This
Is Basis to Be Taken.

There is therefore no doubt that each member of the commission knew those bonds could be purchased to bring the state school fund 6 per cent. interest, which, if they had been good bonds and could have been purchased within the law, would have been an exceedingly profitable investment for the state. nent for the state.

But there was no rakeoff in that kind of a deal, and Mr. H. B. Kelly says he heard nothing from his offer.

Securing the Rakeoff. Appearances indicate that a conspiracy has been formed by which the know how this was done. It could be accomplished through the state's fiscal agency in New York by the officials who have dealings with the fiscal agen-

In other words, the school fund com-mission deprived the school fund com-mission deprived the state school fund of that amount in order to give Mr. Giodard \$8,000. If the bonds were sfit-edged and there had been nothing crooked or bregular in their actual pur-chase, this in itself would have been a crime against the school children of the state.

C. C. Coleman, attorney general.

T. T. Kelly, state treasurer.

A. A. Godard, ex-attorney general.

Mr. Godard's services were utilized as the broker in the deal. It was necessary to have some outside party to carry it through, and it was done in his name. He was the supposed owner of the bonds, and the records doubtless show that they were purchased from him. It was concerning this deal that the State Journal wished to see the records in the office of State Superintendent Dayhoff, which Mr. Dayhoff flatly refused Thursday.

By the manipulation of this deal the state's money will be tied up for four-

themselves. Besides this the state school fund is loaded with \$123,000 date of July 1, 1904. About the time they were issued the State Journal first got information that the deal was "on." In order to carry the deal through it was necessary for the state board of squalization, of which Kelly and Burrow are two of the members, to raise the assessed valuation of Comanche county from \$632,55\$, the valuation as

essary that the records should show considerable trouble because of infor-

to make up the deficit. This was by far the greatest proportionate raise made in the state.

It has always been the rule in the state auditor's office to consider the returns made by the county clerks as the basis of valuation on which bonds may be purchased, as the equalization made by the state board has reference only to state taxes, in order to equalize the proposed deal. He said that no such deal would get by him if the bonds were checked up to him for registration. He said he would not registration. register them except on a written opinion from Attorney General Coleman that the bonds could be pur-chased on the valuation fixed by the state board of equalization. Later Mr. Nation asserted that the

the auditor's office. that he had been "sounded" on the proposition of registering the bonds and had given the conspirators to understand that it would do no good to present them.

"Laid Down" on Wells. "Laid Down" on Wells.

But Mr. Nation went off on a vacation about two weeks ago and Auditor Wells himself was in Topeka. This was the chance those interested in the bond deal were waiting for. A large amount of money was tied up in the bonds and they evidently had to get it out. It is believed that Auditor Wells asked them to wait at least till after election before carrying through the deal, but a hundred thousand dollars or thereabouts is a big amount of money to have tied up in bonds, and it was necessary to get it out.

refund some old bonds, the legality of which was disputed by the county and which were in litigation for a long time.

Several months ago according to H. B. Kelly. Mr. Godard went to him and suggested that he might be valuable in assisting in the sale of any bonds he might have to sell to the state school fund. Some time last spring Mr. Kelly thought he would have Mr. Godard offer these Comanche county treasurers whereby they should banks instead of sending them to the state treasury when due, although the law says it is a felony on the part of the county treasurers to do this—ever since the State Journal exposed out.

Secretary of State Burrow's Smith Center bond deal, and later the attempted Dodge City deal, and still later the facts concerning State Treasurer Kelly's arrangements with a number of county treasurers whereby they should banks instead of sending them to the state treasury when due, although the law says it is a felony on the part of the county treasurers to do this—ever since these various transactions have been exposed by the State Journal.

Russian Warships Must Quit Harbor of Shanghai.

Peremptory Orders from Representative of China.

## A HINT FROM JAPAN.

Was Sufficient to Cause the Decisive Action.

Japanese Reported Repulsed in Port Arthur Assault. .

cial circles that both warships will state's total.

The list this year shows disarm

The taotal notified the Russian consul general here that if his orders for the two vessels to leave port or disarm were not at once obeyed the Chinese government would effect the disarmament of the ships and that their crews would be held in custody until the termination of the war.

Permission to repair the boilers of clais as among the conspirators.

This alleged conspiracy was consummated last week in the purchase of \$122,000 of Comanche county bonds which were purchased at par, but which would have brought only \$7\frac{1}{2}\$ cents on the deal are not the open market.

The deal was put through with the utmost secrecy. Every effort was made to hide it from becoming known outside of the circles of those interested and those who had to be informed of it because of their official positions. Strong pressure was brought to bear on State Auditor Wells to compel him to register the bonds, and then to keep the Askold was refused. The taotai

Chefoo, Aug. 20.—7:30 p. m.—There Strong City, one of the acts a rumor current here the source of list this year, ranks 97th.

Major Hoffman Lands. Tsingtau, Aug. 20.—4 p. m.—The Japanese protected cruiser Yaeyama has just anchored here and landed Major Hoffman, the German military

ers are strong enough to take the of-fensive when the occasion demands. For this reason the war office is not inclined to credit the reports that the Japanese have captured forts "No. 3" and "No. 4," just beyond Nagoushp hill, five miles northeast of Port Ar-thur. It is admitted that the posses-sion of these forts would render the situation of the besiegers desperate. sion of these forts would render the situation of the besiegers desperate. The war office has not official infor-mation from the fortress going be-yond August 8, 9 and 10, which probyond August 8, 9 and 10, which probably was sent through the captured Russian torpedo boat destroyer Ryeshiteini, although this is not admitted. This report tells of the desperate character of the Japanese attacks, which continued practically without intermission forty hours. General intermission forty hours. Gene Stoessel's reports of the assaults August 14 and 15 are expected at any

Grand Assault in Progress. Chefoo.Aug. 20.—4 P. M.—M. H. Ijuin, the Japanese consul general at Ticn Tsin, who arrived here today on the British steamer Pe Chi Li and who had a conversation lasting 40 minutes with the commander of a Japanese torond pedo boat destroyer, which overhauled the steamer off Liaoti promontory last night, says that today's battle, which began at daylight, is directed against the fortress itself. It is taking place along the entire line, and it is Japan's supreme effort to which the recent batties were but preliminary contests. He

"I firmly believe that you can safely hased on the valuation fixed by the tate board of equalization.

Later Mr. Nation asserted that the onds would never be checked up to he auditor's office. Mr. Nation said his very confidently. It is supposed hat he had been "sounded" on the asked to surrender. He refused New York and the surrender was safely say that Port Arthur will soon be in our hands. One after the other of the outer defenses have been taken by the Japanese and when the latter had completed their preparations for the state of the complete of the preparations. asked to surrender. He refused. Now comes the final test."

Novik and Diana Safe. Mukden. Aug. 20.—Confirmation has been received here of the report that the Russian cruiser Novik has entered the harbor of Korsakovsk, island of Sakhalin and it is announced that the Russian cruiser Diana, recently sighted off Hong Kong has arrived at Salgen, caiptal of French Indo China.

in comparatively good condition. They heard nothing of the sinking of a Russian gun boat off Liaoti Shan promontory last Thursday night. Czar Congratulates Stoessel.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 20.—The em-peror has telegraphed Lieutenant General Stoessel in command of the mili-tary forces at Port Arthur as follows: "I direct you to congratulate in my name and on behalf of the whole of Russia the troops, sallors and inhabitants of Port Arthur on the successes gained in the fighting of July 26, 27 and 28. I am fully convinced of their

heroic deed which entailed so heavy sacrifices and may He protect the fortress of Port Arthur from the at-tacks of the enemy.

"NICHOLAS."

## ONE MORE IN THE LIST

Now 119 Kansas Cities With Over Tainted Beef Served to Many of 1,000 Population.

Kansas has 119 cities and towns with ,000 inhabitants or more, according to county clerks' official returns for 1904, ust completed by the state board of agriculture, as against 118 belonging to such list last year. Ninety-six municipalities have gained 33,965, Coffeyville reporting the largest increase, 5,231, fol-lowed by Independence with 4,541, Cha-nute 2,944 and Iola 1,529 in the order named: 21 others lost 5,880, and two re-Port Arthur Assault.

Inamed: 21 others lost 5,880, and two remain the same as last year. Empire, Medicine Lodge and Yale have fallen below the 1,000 mark. Strong City, with an increase of 430, has entered the list, as have Stockton, with a gain of 168, St. John with 33 more and Hanover with 71 increase. It is a population again of 168 and 169 and

The relative rank of the five cities leading in population in 1903 remains the same, and Fort Scott and Pittsburg the same, and Fort Scott and Pittsburg last year respectively 6th and 7th, have changed places. Lawrence, 8th last year, is now 9th; Hutchinson drops from 9th to 11th; Parsons from 16th to 13th; Iola from 11th to 12th; Emporia from 12th to 15th; Ottawa from 18th to 17th; Salina from 14th to 18th; Winfield from 15th to 16th. All of these, however, execut Lawrence show lightnesses. cept Lawrence, show increases over their 1903 population. Chanute rises from 16th to 14th; Coffeyville from 17th to Sth, and Independence from 19th to 19th. Some of the other changes are: Cherryvale is now 24th instead of 29th; Rosedale 28th instead of 34th; Neo-Rosedale 28th instead of 34th; Neodesha 25th instead of 44th; Humboldt 46th instead of 63rd; Frontenac 55th instead of 64th; Gas City goes upward from 78th to 68th; Caney 87th to 62nd and La Harpe 88th to 47th. Holton descends from 28th to 33rd; Herington 45th to 51st and Ellis 94th to 105th. Strong City, one of the additions to the list this year marks 67th.

## BIG PICNIC IS OFF.

Butchers and Grocers Won't Go on Their Outing.

Attorney Marks.

of eral officer and those connected with him with death if the prosecution and arrest of Italians for alleged naturali-General Joel M. Marks, threatening the fedcation frauds did not cease. Mr. Marks has since his appointment as assistant United States district attorney last January, caused the arrest of many Italians on charges of naturalization frounds.

# FIVE GIRLS GONE.

Left Home Together and Have Failed

Ebensburg, Pa., Aug. 20.—Five girls, two daughters of Frank Cassady of Altoona, two daughters of Robert Cassidy, of Ebensburg, and Miss Rumford mysteriously disappeared from here yesterday afternoon and have not yet returned home. They left the Cassidy home to go to the cemetery to plant flowers. When they failed to return home last night searching parties were organized and kent up the search all night without success. It is feared they have met with foul play or have been lost in the mountains.

"CIDER" SMITH'S FORECAST.

other stom period with a sudden drop in temperature from sub to 7th. If the rainfail on the 28th and 29th of August should be light it will be that way until after the autumnal equinox, and vice versa. If it is heavy at that time it will keep on that way."

Fire on West Fifth. and 28. I am fully convinced of their absolute readiness to uphold the glory of our arms by their unbounded bravery. I warmly thank all.

"May the Most High God bless their and consisted of ruined clothing.

Soldiers at Camp Bailey Made Sick by Spoiled Food.

the Men.

a compilation of the assessors' and SENT TO HOSPITAL, 20.

Others Who Were Ill Took Places in Ranks.

Grand Review at Camp With Governor in Saddle.

Prankish Soldiers Make Trouble at Vinewood.

Spoiled meat caused serious sickness in Camp Bailey Friday. Over twenty cases of illness were reported to the brigade hospital during the day and treated, in addition to a large numthe list this year shows many changes, every city or town shifting its rank with the exceptions of Kansas City, Topeka, Wichita, Leavenworth, Manhattan, El Dorado, Minneapolis, Florence, Kinsley, Pleasanton and La Cygne. All of these, save Leavenworth with a loss of 200 and El Dorado which is the same, report increases.

The cities having 1,000 or more inhabitants are credited with 73.4 per cent of the increase for the state and 35 per cent of the state's total population.

ing giving prescriptions and issuing medicines.

The Second regiment and Battery A appeared to be the principal sufferers. Officers and men alike had ferers. Officers and men alike had partaken of the infected meat and were feeling the ill effects. It was all that some of the soldiers could do to pull on their dress uniforms to say nothing of tramping about in the sun for the grand review by Governor the grand review by Governor Balley which took place in the afterment. The respect to the street of the soldier of the soldier

were feeling the ill effects. It was all that some of the soldiers could do to pull on their dress uniforms to say nothing of tramping about in the sun for the grand review by Governor Balley which took place in the afternoon. The men kept a stiff upper lip, however, and manfully refused to give up their places in the ranks.

The meat which caused the illness was served for supper Thursday evening and that more in the camp did not suffer from it is due to the fact that a number of the mess cooks refused to serve it. Others, however, not notleing that the meat was not wholesome or thinking that it could refused to the serve it. wholesome or thinking that it could be served without endangering health, accepted it. Major Dillenbeck, of the accepted it. Major Dillenbeck, of the hospital corps, on a report of the conditions, made an inspection of the meat in camp and condemned a large portion of it. Friday morning he went down to the refrigerator car standing on the sidetrack and made an inspec-tion of the meat on hand in the car. The inspection proved that all of the meat in the car was perfect in condi-tion and no further trouble was ex-perienced at either the noon or even-ing mess.

It was also decided to refund the money to all persons who have already bought tickets to make the trip. Secretary Hutchinson has charge of that.

THREAT OF DEATH.

A number of members of the National guards on mischief bent took possession of the "figure 8 toboggan saide" at Vinewood park last night and rode for nothing until their appetite for a dizzy swirl on the toboggan had been sated to fullness. The guardsmen claimed that the park management was asking too high a price for a ride on the toboggan and in addition that those in charge had several things to learn congrued gagainst the company. A simicharge had several things to learn co

Attorney Marks.

Washington, Aug. 20.—An anonymous letter was received today by Assistant United States District Attorney
Joel M. Marks, threatening the feducal officer and these compared with the others clambered into the small cars and took rides. Perceiving that they were being bested the park auth-orities phoned the situation to Camp

The general opinion among the offi-cers and men alike of the K. N. G., is that the army maneuvers in which the National guards and the regular army jointly engage are of the most import-ant value to the guardsmen. The dis-National guards and the regular army jointly engage are of the most important value to the guardsmen. The discipline of the regular troops has a most beneficial effect upon the bearing of the National guards when the latter are associated with them. The regular army officers back up this opinion, Major Cecil and General H. B. Freeman of the U.S. A who are acting in an advisory U. S. A., who are acting in an advisory capacity at Camp Bailey believe that the join maneuvers are best. A num-ber of the private soldiers, however, are not as enthusiastic over this meth-od, the long "hikes" tire them out and they prefer to engage in tactics on a ore limited scale. The officers and men of the K. N.

Says It Will Be Fair Until End of Next Week.

"Cider" Smith today issued the following forecast:

"The amount of rain at the 19th period was not as much as I expected, but west of us they had more and it was needed more. From now until the 25th we will have fair weather, I know the indications point the other way, but that cuts no figure. I give the record: After the 25th unsettled, showery weather until the 28th and 29th a storm period; then fair weather until 4th or 5th of September. Another stom period with a sudden drop in temperature of the fair weather until 4th or 5th of September. Another stom period with a sudden drop in temperature of the sudden drop in the sudden and his staff, passed before the as-sembled 1,200 troops. After the lines had been inspected the governor and staff took their station in front of the governor's headquarters and the troops were marched past, returning thence to their camps, where soon afterwards the camp was inspected in detail by Governor Balley and staff. The companies were drawn up in front of the tents at "attention." with each officer before the tent occupied by himself. Even Mrs. Bailey had the temerity to walk the length of Camp Balley and see what a good housekeeper the soldier in camp

could be. It is safe she could render professional opinion upon it. Some of the visitors for the review resterday were E. W. Hoch, National Committeeman Dave Mulvane, Chairman Stubbs of the Republican state central committee, Dr. and Mrs. Bid-dle, U. S. Marshal Mackey and former Adjutant General Fox.

The two batteries of artillery are receiving a great deal of value in the way of instruction from Captain Gatchell, of the artillery corps at Fort Riley, who is stationed here during the encampment. Captain Gatchell holds a short session of instruction at 2 in the afternoon for the officers of the two batteries. The officers of the two batteries, The officers of the K. N. G. artillery come prepared with questions on puzzling portions of tactics as it applies to the artillery branche of the service, and Captain Gatchell endeavors to solve them satisfactorily.

## SAVED MANY LIVES.

Captain of Transfer Boat Shows Remarkable Presence of Mind.

New York, Aug. 20 .- A hundred passengers on the ferry boat South in sight except on condition that the Side, plying in the East river between packers surrender and on uncondi-Tenth street and Green Point have been saved from possible death by quick action on the part of the captain of a New Haven rallway transfer will be astounded. We have a trump

The ferry boat was 50 yards out in the stream, making for the slip at the foot of Tenth street when she was rammed by the big float carrying 15 freight cars. The float's prow penetrated nearly to the center of the ferry boat on the side of the ladies' cabin. The passengers fied, the women in the cabin having been cut and bruised by flying glass and splinters. The captain of the transfer boat realized that if he backed off the ferry boat would float helplessly away and sink. Whistling for help he ordered on all pressure, pushed the helpless ferry boat toward the docks and succeeded in shoving it against one near the slip

## WHEAT AT \$1.23.

Major Hoffman, the German military attache, who was at Port Arthur. The major left the fortress in a junk at the German emperor's orders. The Japanese cruiser picked him up 30 miles out and, it is reported, confiscated his papers. Major Hoffman's personal baggage was left on the junk.

A Crumb of Comfort.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 20.—12:50 p. m.—The report from Chefoo that the Russians have driven the Japanese out of the position at Palichwang (Palung-Chang?) whence they had been heeded for the position at Palichwang (Palung-Chang?) whence they had been heeded as bombarding the forts of Port Arthur, was received with considerable gratification at the war office, where it was regarded as evidence that the defenders are strong enough to take the offensive when the occasion demands.

For this reagon the war office is not served before the engine started out, it might have resulted in a serious accident. As it was, the side of the engine was considerably torn up and had to be taken back to the shops, but neither the engineer nor female with the shops, but

The location of the bolts in the engine looks as though they had been placed there by some one that had a grudge against the company. A similar discovery was made on an engine at Newton last week, and the engine was badly damaged. Why any one should hope to get even with the company by putting the engine in a condition that is liable to cost the lives of the enginemen, is hard to understand.

cars man control of the situation to carry orities phoned the situation to carry orities phoned the situation to carry orities phoned the situation to carry as a detail of soldiers were sent down to quiet the merry makers but on their arrival found everything quiet and mischief making millitamen engaged in feeding the monkeys with popcorn. Sentinels were stationed about the park sentinels. At Arkansas City six guards are kept on duty about the roundhouse to pre-vent tampering with railroad property. The engine on which Engineer Jones and Fireman Kowaiski started had been in the shops for several weeks, and it is possible that the holts might have found their way into the mechan-ism of the engine accidentally, but the artificial rosition of the holts gave the

# KELLY OUTCLASSED.

Frisco Pugilist Defeated by Burns in Fourth Round.

Tacoma, Wash., Aug. 20.-Tommy Burns of Chicago, has defeated Cyclone Kelly of San Francisco, here in the fourth round of what was to have been a 20 round fight, with a right to the heart. Kelly had to be assisted to his dressing room while Burns was un-scratched. Kelly was entirely outclass-ed and was knocked down and badly punished in the first round. He received a right on the jaw in the second that started him going. He railied in the third but was unable to land effectively on the Chicago man. In trying to keep away from another on the jaw in the fourth he raised his guard sand Burns landed a hard punch under and Burns landed a hard punch under the heart that ended the fight.

## WILSON WINS.

Deadlock in the St. Joseph District Has Been Broken.

St. Joseph, Mo., Aug. 20.—Francis Wilson of Platt City was nominated for congressman by the Democratic convention of the Fourth district on the 1,031st ballot. The convention had been in a deadlock since July 26.

Only Terms Which Strikers Will Now Consider.

Donnelly Has a Trump Card Which He Will Play.

MAYOR TAKES A HAND.

Packers Ordered House Strike Breakers Outside of Yards.

A Meeting at Swifts to Discuss the Situation.

Chicago, Aug. 20 .- "I see no peace will be astounded. We have a trump The ferry boat was 50 yards out in card to play and it has been drawn

Not since the strike began has President Donnelly seemed so hopeful. He criticised the action of the teamsters in sending a committee into the yards to make an investigation.

"I don't see what the teamsters ex-pected to do," he said. "If they don't like this strike let them go back to On the subject of action by the Federation of Labor Donnelly was silent. He simply declared the report would

Another High Mark Recorded at Minneapolis.

Minneapolis, Minn., Aug. 20.—The wheat market was greatly excited today over the reports of hall and rain in the northwest. Prices soared upward, September touching \$2.2 shortly after the opening. December followed to \$1.17 and May to \$1.18.

S1.163/2 in New York.

New York, Aug. 20.—In today's wheat market new high records were again established. September selling at \$1.163/2 against \$1.153/2 last night.

ARE STRIKERS RESPONSIBLE?

of work."

Packers affected by Corporation Counsel Tolman's opinion holding that thousands of employes lodged at the stock yards must find accommodations elsewhere caused a meeting today at Swift & Co.'s office to determine what action to take. It was hinted before the meeting that attempts to abolish the living quarters in the packing plants would be contested, recourse being had to the courts if necessary.

The packers declared informally before canvassing the situation that they would contend Major Tolman is mistaken in the premises and that the plants does not change the character of the buildings any more than the kill-

# ing of a chicken in a private home would cause evolution of a residence to a slaughter house. FOR OYSTER BAY.

of the buildings any more than the kill-

The President Left Washington at 10 O'clock This Morning.

Washington, Aug. 20.—President Roosevelt left Washington at 10 a.m. today for Oyster Bay. The president's party was carried on a special train of two cars as the second section of the regular 10 o'clock train on the Pennsylvania. Oyster Bay will be reached at 5:30 p.m.

MOVEMENT IN BREEZES.

That Describes Condition of the Weather Today.

The condition of the real estate markets are referred to by "the move-ments in real estate" and why should not the breezes be referred to in the same way? There was little "move-ment in breezes" this morning at the government weather bureau for the government weather bureau for the wind recording machine gave notice that it took the breezes one hour and a half to travel one mile. Palm leaf fans will do better than that.

The weather began this morning with the humidity high but the temperature not up particularly. Similar weather prevails over the state for most stations report cloudy weather.

weather prevails over the state for most stations report cloudy weather and at Manhattan a fog.

The maximum and minimum temperatures for the 24 hours ending this morning at 7 o'clock were as follows: Baker, 84, 62; Concordia, 84, 62; Dodge City, 86, 62; Ft. Scott, 88, 76; Macksville, 84, 62; McPherson, 84, 62; Manhattan, 83, 60; Osage City, 36, 64; Russell, 84, 62; Sedan, 88, 68; Topeka, 85, 67; Toronto, 88, 62; Wichtta, 88, 68.

Today's corn and wheat region bulletin says: "Clear weather prevailed over Kansas and western Missouri this morning. Showers have occurred in

morning. Showers have occurred in eastern Kansas and western Missouri. The day temperatures have risen and the night temperatures have fallen."

Wenther Indications. Chicago, Aug. 20.—Forecast for Kansas: Partly cloudy and unsettled with local showers tonight and Sun-day; variable winds.